

The Future

Forma	Uso	Esempi	
SIMPLE PRESENT	Per parlare di programmi, orari, spettacoli, eventi con un orario prestabilito	What time does the next train leave? When does the next show start?	
PRESENT CONTINUOUS	Per parlare di azioni future programmate. E' spesso accompagnato da espressioni di tempo come: today, this afternoon, this evening, tonight, tomorrow, next Monday, week, month,	I'm getting married next week They're going to a concert tonight I'm moving to a new house next month.	
WILL/SHALL+BASE FORM	Prendere una decisione nel momento in cui si parla di fare o non fare qualcosa	The weather is getting worse. I'll go back home. She's come in the end! Ok, we won't go away!.	
I will You will He/She/It will We will Will I? Will you? Will he/she/it	I won't You won't He/She/it won't We won't Won't I? Won't you? Won't she/she/it?	Fare previsioni dopo i verbi: to think, to believe, to suppose, to expect, Per esprimere ipotesi Per parlare di eventi ufficiali	I suppose they'll be home by now I don't believe he'll agree with the proposal I expect that when they know our decision they'll react harshly If she comes to the party he'll ask her to dance The Prime Minister will meet the President
TO BE GOING TO + BASE FORM	Per parlare di intenzioni Per esprimere previsioni imminent, inevitabili basate sull'osservazione di fatti	They're going to have a big celebration for their wedding anniversary Look at the sky! It's going to rain.	
WILL+BE+ING (Può essere sostituita dal present continuous)	Per parlare di azioni future programmate Per azioni in corso di svolgimento in un determinato momento futuro	Will you be meeting Paul during the weekend? (Are you meeting Paul during the weekend?) This time next month I'll be flying to Australia	